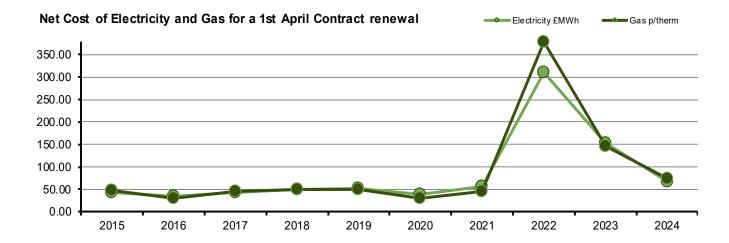
# week on week

# marketview

Report issued: 20th March 2024





Electricity: base load cost - excludes distribution, taxation and supplier margin and costs

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
44.22	34.18	44.32	49.04	52.97	38.12	56.43	310.39	152.38	66.98

Gas: core gas cost - excludes distribution, taxation and supplier margin and costs

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
47.08	30.01	44.41	49.44	49.66	29.60	45.53	377.72	147.03	73.50

### Week commencing 11th March 2024

	Oil (bbl)	Gas (ppt)	Power (MWh)	Coal (MT)
Start	\$82.39	73.50	£66.98	\$112.35
End	\$85.26	74.04	£69.28	\$114.00

Following the previous weeks gains, the week opened with 3 days of consecutive losses on higher temperature forecasts and elevated expected wind generation, however mid week saw bullish sentiment despite little change in the fundamentals. Some traders cited the upward movement was due to the drone attacks on a Russian refinery. The bullish sentiment extended to Brent crude oil, as a drop in US stockpiles and higher demand projections from the International Energy Agency pushed prices up

## Week commencing 4th March 2024

	Oil (bbl)	Gas (ppt)	Power (MWh)	Coal (MT)
Start	\$83.80	71.71	£66.90	\$108.00
End	\$82.39	73.50	£66.98	\$112.35

Although fundamentals remained largely unchanged the reforecast in temperatures and unplanned outages caused some volatility and steady increases were seen. The decline in wind forecasts led to the expectations of increased gas demand, however this was dampened due to the rising forecasts. The bullishness did subside mid week with a drop in demand and a sudden surge in wind output. Market fundamentals remain in a good position with Pan European storage at 61.9% full.

#### Week commencing 26th February 2024

	Oil (bbl)	Gas (ppt)	Power (MWh)	Coal (MT)
Start	\$82.48	64.48	£60.10	\$96.25
End	\$83.80	71.71	£66.90	\$108.00

At the start of the week, there was volatility in the market as prices rose due to higher demand caused by colder weather and storage withdrawals. Furthermore, the attack on UK cargo ships in the Red Sea by Houthi rebels provided additional support to prices. However, as the week progressed, gas prices fell after a few days of gains. This was mainly due to a healthy supply situation and a mild winter, with renewable power making a significant contribution. Finally, the week ended with a decline in prices as forecasts indicated warmer temperatures and sufficient gas storage.

#### Week commencing 19th February 2024

	Oil (bbl)	Gas (ppt)	Power (MWh)	Coal (MT)
Start	\$82.76	67.50	£63.16	\$93.10
End	\$82.48	64.48	£60.10	\$96.25

Prices started off lower than the close of the past week due to ongoing bearish fundamentals. The long system, reduced demand caused by mild temperatures, and robust storages all played a part in this. An unexpected shutdown at the Karsto gas processing plant in Norway started in the middle of the week, adding to the already scheduled cutback at the same facility that started the previous Sunday, which decreased capacity further. However, the unusually warm weather in Northwestern Europe and the output from renewable sources neutralised these weaker flows.

Disclaimer: The above information is based on current market data available at the time of producing this document and is subject to change. ECA cannot be held responsible for movement in the commodity market.